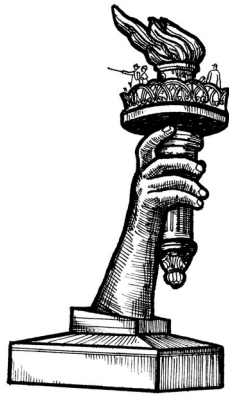




George Smith Patton

1885-1945 A.D. An American general in World War II and graduate of West Point Military Academy. Referred to as "Old Blood and Guts," he led his troops across France and into Germany, and was known for his mobile tank tactics.



Statue of Liberty

1886 A.D. Designed by sculptor F. A. Bartholdi, given as a gift from the French, and dedicated in 1886, commemorating the alliance of France and the U.S. during the American Revolution. The statue stands at the entrance to New York Harbor as a symbol of freedom and a welcome to immigrants.



Alvin Cullum York

1887-1964 A.D. An American Sergeant, Christian, and hero of World War I, he single-handedly attacked a German post, capturing 132 of the enemy soldiers.



James Francis "Jim" Thorpe

1888-1953 A.D. An American athlete who won both the pentathlon and decathlon in the 1912 Olympics. He went on to play professional baseball and football.



Richard Evelyn Byrd

1888-1957 A.D. American Admiral and explorer who is believed to be the first, with pilot Floyd Bennett, to fly over the North Pole in 1926. He continued to lead expeditions in Antarctica and established a base there.



Chicago's Haymarket Riot

May 4, 1886 A.D. Due to labor union activity gone awry over several days in a variety of areas of Chicago, a protest meeting had gathered in Haymarket Square. While police attempted to disperse the crowd, a bomb exploded, killing eight officers. Eight men were brought to trial, several being put to death.



Oklahoma Land Rush

April 22, 1889 A.D. A disorganized, bizarre period of land settlement, where potential settlers gathered on the Texas and Arkansas borders of Oklahoma. They were permitted to enter at noon, find a 640-acre parcel of land, and file a claim on it.



Johnstown Flood

May 31, 1889 A.D. When the South Fork Dam 14 miles north of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, failed, it sent a 35-foot wall of water cascading over the small city, leaving it destroyed and taking the lives of over 2,200 people.



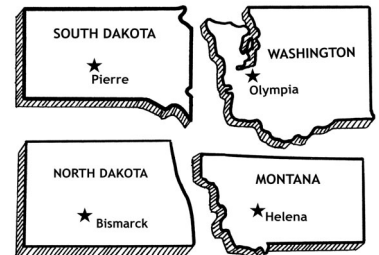
The Dawes Act

February 8, 1887 A.D. Authored by congressman Henry Dawes, an act establishing the provision of allotted land and the extension of the United States and territorial laws to the Native Americans of various reservations. This was in hopes of protecting their property rights during the Oklahoma Land Rush.



Adolf Hitler

1889-1945 A.D. Austrian-born Nazi dictator and chancellor of the Third Reich. His book, *Mein Kampf*, was filled with his fascist philosophies. His invasion of Poland sparked WWII and the enforcement of Aryanism, evident in his concentration camps and extermination of minorities during the Holocaust. He committed suicide in 1945.



States to Achieve Statehood in 1889 A.D.

- North Dakota: 39th state to join the Union on November 2
- South Dakota: 40th state to join the Union on November 2
- Montana: 41st state to join the Union on November 8
- Washington: 42nd state to join the Union on November 11